

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

RATES:—The charge for both regular and special editions is 10¢ per word per insertion, six words to the line.

Advertisers so desiring may have answers to their advertisement addressed to a box number, care of The Herald.

Advertisements charged to patrons having accounts are measured by the line, not by the word.

N. B.—The Herald cannot be responsible for more than one wrong insertion due to typographical error. No claim for error can be allowed after the 10th of the following month. Any advertisement inserted to run until forbidden must be stopped by written order.

WANTED—AGENTS
SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or commission. Address LINCOLN OIL COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.
14-1-6423

WANTED
Position for general housework by experienced girl. Inquire room 2, Alliance Hotel.
14-1-6436

WANTED—A light spring wagon and double set of driving harness. Must be reasonable. Write D. G. Bates, No. 5 McCorkle Building, Alliance, Nebr.
2-1-6378

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS
CLOVER SEED FOR SALE
White blossom sweet clover seed, direct from the grower to consumer. Will send samples on request. Hulled seed, \$16.75 per cwt.; unhulled, \$13.75 per cwt. Delivered at or near Alliance, \$10 per bushel for hulled, and \$4.15 per bushel for unhulled.
J. H. MUELLER, Worden, Mont.
14-1-6421

FOR SALE—Good, paying butcher shop. Good location and steady business at good prices. Address box 6406, care Alliance Herald.
2-1-6406

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Powerful six-cylinder automobile. Will sell cheap, or trade. Call or write The Herald office.
1-1-6568

RELINQUISHMENT FOR SALE—320 acre relinquishment, four miles from town east of Alliance. Will sell cheap. Address Box 6166, care Alliance Herald, Alliance, Nebr.
5-1-6166

MISCELLANEOUS
MONEY TO LOAN on real estate. Apply to H. M. Bullock, Room 4 Reddish Block, Alliance.
6-1-6307

RECORD FOR TRAINMEN
Railroad men can secure a very useful book at The Herald office. It is a daily time book for trainmen and engine men. The price is reasonable.
1-1-5728

MOVE FURNITURE SAFELY
We have equipped our dray with one and a half truck with the latest appliances for moving furniture without marring or scratching or damage. Up-to-date wagon pad will be used by us on all moving jobs.
JOHN R. SNYDER, Phone 15.
2-1-5950

Office blanks and blank loose-leaf books for sale at The Herald office. Phone 340 and a representative will call.

Buy your receipt books, legal blanks, blank notes, all kinds of blanks at The Herald office. Price reasonable. A big assortment.
Money to loan on real estate.
F. E. REDDISH

MONEY TO LOAN—On Box Butte county land and ranches in the S.W. hills. No delay in making the loan. We inspect our lands and furnish the money at once. J. C. McCorkle.

Corkle Building, Alliance, Nebr.
1-1-6554

FOR RENT—HOUSES

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, \$10 per month. 324 Sweetwater avenue, Alliance.
5-1-6262

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Box Butte County, subject to the decision of the voters at the Democratic Primaries to be held Tuesday, April 18, 1916.

I will appreciate your support.
ARTHUR A. RALLS.

EDWARD MABIN

Candidate for nomination for the office of

SHERIFF OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY

Republican primaries, April 18, 1916.

I will appreciate your support. Have lived in Box Butte county thirty-one years and if nominated and elected will fill the office to the best of my ability.

Traveling Man Promoted

L. L. Lozier, better known to his many friends as "The Duke", the popular Armour & Company traveling man, has been promoted to the position of superintendent of the territory included in the South Omaha district. The position is well deserved by Mr. Lozier and carries a big advance in salary. H. J. Simpson of Omaha succeeds Mr. Lozier on the Alliance territory.

T. P. A. Meeting

The regular monthly meeting of Post M. T. P. A., will be held at the office in the Commercial Club rooms, basement of the Alliance National Bank, at 3 o'clock Saturday, February 12. The members of the Post will attend the morning preaching services at the Christian church Sunday morning to hear a sermon by Rev. H. J. Young, post chaplain.

Returns from Funeral

Archie Gregory, city treasurer, returned last week from Boone, Iowa, where he attended the funeral of his grandmother, Mrs. E. J. Gregory, who died January 31, aged 91 years, 9 days. She had lived in Marshall county, Iowa, for over sixty years.

EIGHTEEN THOUSAND MORE AUTOS IN STATE

Lincoln, Feb. 7.—According to the records of the office of the secretary of state 18,542 more automobile licenses were issued during 1915 than during the previous year. The total number of licenses issued during the year was 59,140. During 1914 the number issued was 40,598.

TWO-CENT FARE CASE IN FEDERAL COURT

Lincoln, Nebr., Feb. 7.—Upon petition of the Union Pacific railroad the injunction suit which seeks to prevent this road, with four other railroads doing business in Nebraska, from interfering with the operation of the Nebraska two-cent fare mileage book laws, was today automatically removed to the Lincoln division of the federal district court. The injunction suit was recently brought in the Nebraska supreme court by Attorney General Reed against the Union Pacific, Burlington, Northwestern, Grand Island and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha.

Attorney General Reed stated that he would take immediate action to move that the case be remanded to the supreme court as having original jurisdiction and will base his argument on the express rate cases, decided a few years ago. The express companies at that time took action similar to the petition of the Union Pacific today, and the federal court ruled that the state courts alone had jurisdiction.

It Will Pay You to become a regular advertiser in This Paper

Box Butte County Farm Management Association

F. N. Seidell, Demonstrator Office in Court House Phone 285

CENSUS OF NEBRASKA ANIMALS
On January 18, 1916, the United States Bureau of Crop Estimates gave out the number of animals on farms in Nebraska as shown in the following table. The number of rural population in Nebraska, in round numbers, is 900,000. In the study of this report on such basis, we find the animal wealth of the rural population of Nebraska to be \$309.96 per capita.

Animal	Number	Value	Animals Per Capita Rural	1915 Production
Horses	1,030,000	\$ 96,820,000	1.13	\$ 32,273,333
Mules	98,000	10,192,000	.11	3,397,333
Milch cows	650,000	39,000,000	.72	13,000,000
Other cattle	2,240,000	90,720,000	2.49	30,240,000
All cattle	2,890,000	129,720,000	3.21	
Sheep	374,000	2,119,600	.41	2,119,600
Swine	4,270,000	40,138,000	4.74	40,138,000
		\$278,989,600		\$121,168,266

Animals Assessed
April 1, 1915, the assessors of Nebraska found and assessed the following number of animals, which have been valued by the State Board of Agriculture as follows:

	Number	Av. Value	Total Value	1915 Production
Horses	903,973	\$101.00	\$ 91,301,273	\$30,433,757
Mules	105,381	109.00	11,486,529	3,828,843
Milch cows	514,519	60.00	30,871,140	10,290,330
Other cattle	1,797,687	40.00	71,907,480	23,969,160
Sheep	151,742	6.00	910,452	910,452
Goats	6,354	7.00	44,478	44,478
Swine	1,722,662	15.00	25,839,930	25,839,930
			\$232,361,282	\$95,317,000

Animals Imported and Exported
Animals imported and exported, as reported by Deputy State Veterinarian Anderson for the year 1915, exclusive of those handled by the stock yards, are as follows:

	Imported	Exported
Stallions	246	188
Horses	9,040	8,413
Mares	3,564	967
Mules	550	531
	10,755	7,057
Dairy cows	2,878	1,560
Sheep	330	33,653
Swine	3,366	9,940

The department reported tuberculosis tests made on dairy and breeding stock from April 1, 1915, to January 1, 1916, on 6,473 head, of which 470 reacted, or 7.25 per cent. Tests were also made on 2,680 cattle shipped to other states.

WHY KEEP FARM RECORDS

Bank Account Does Not Show Status of Farm Business

There are at least two good reasons for keeping a record of the farm business. The first of these is that it shows the financial result of the year's work. The size of the bank balance at the end of the year as compared to that of the preceding year is not a safe guide as to the year's profits. It may, or may not, be a correct indication of the year's success. Some times farmers whose bank accounts have not grown during the year, are doing well, but are discouraged. This may be because the increase of the live stock has been retained on the farm, or because it has been necessary to spend large sums of money for equipping the place with machinery, or because some other improvements have been made, such as buildings and fences. When one increases the amount of live stock or buys machinery in excess of the yearly depreciation, he is increasing the size of his farm investment. Such investments wisely made should be even more satisfactory than bank balances. On the other hand the bank balance may indicate better results for the year's business than is actually the case, when one summarizes the year's business upon a business basis. Frequently this is due to the fact that the farm work has been largely done by sons and daughters who receive little but the expectation that they will inherit a portion of the farm at the owner's death. Such a farmer is living on the earnings of his family and the interest on his investment.

The second good reason for keeping farm accounts is that it helps one to study his business. After one has summarized the year's business so as to determine his labor income, which is the amount left for his own work after interest on the investment and all farm expenses have been subtracted, one begins to ask such questions as these, "How does my labor income compare with that of other farmers in my county or section of the state?" "How can the labor income be increased?" "After having made a summary of the year's business, could one not secure some valuable ideas upon increasing the labor income by comparing the financial results on a number of farms of different types and sizes, and see what type of farming pays best on the average?" The answer of such questions is the object of the Farm Management Survey Project which is now under way in this county, and in connection with which farm record books are used. By bringing together a large number of farm records, it is possible to determine what systems of management are giving the best results. Survey records of this kind have already been secured on more than a thousand farms throughout the state, and if they are a fair indication, the average Nebraska farmer receives about five per cent on the money he has invested, an average hired man's wages for his labor, and a home in which to live, together with food products furnished by the farm. Some farmers receive nothing for their work and only about three per cent on the investment, while others receive several times the labor income of the average farmer besides five per cent interest. Usually very definite causes are found for this variation in farm profits. It pays to study the farm business by means of carefully kept records. If you are interested in cooperating in this way or want a farm record book see the county agricultural agent at once. Many demands have been received for these books. These books are not for sale and may be secured by entering into the cooperative agreement. Only 175 copies will be placed in each county.

PLEASANT HILL NOTES

Thorwald Lund spent Sunday at C. Hansens.
Carl Hennings spent Sunday p. m. with George Roth.
I. E. Barritt has been nursing a sore limb the past week.
A. Thomsen and family spent Sunday at P. K. Christensen's.
Clyde Campbell was fixing the telephone line one day last week.
Miss Ethel Price spent a couple of days at the Barritt home last week.
J. Jaspersen was husking corn for Pete Jensen a couple of days last week.
Henning Bros. and Elmer Christensen spent Friday evening at J. P. Christensen's.
Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Barritt, and daughter spent Saturday and Sunday in Hemlingford.
Little Onaleen Schneider had the misfortune of falling off a desk at school and breaking her collar bone last week. She has been under the doctor's care at Hemlingford.

790,000 Acres in Homesteads

Secretary Lane announces the recent approval of an order classifying approximately 790,000 acres of land in South Dakota as non-irrigable in character. On March 10, 1916, this area will become subject to entry in 320-acre tracts under the provisions of the enlarged homestead act. The lands are located in six counties in the western part of the state. In addition to the specific areas desired by homesteaders, general classifications were made in the following counties:
Meade 303,000 acres
Pennington 199,000 acres
Harding 136,000 acres
Butte 65,000 acres
Perkins 32,000 acres
Stanley 19,000 acres
These lands are situated in the Belle Fourche, Lemmon and Rapid City land districts, and as these offices will in the near future receive lists of the specific legal subdivisions designated, requests for information regarding any particular tract should be addressed to the appropriate land office.
Miss Jennie Strickland, who was brought to the hospital here a couple of weeks ago for an operation, has recovered sufficiently to be able to leave the hospital. She expects to return to her home in a few days.

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Serial No. 015176.
Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Alliance, Nebraska, December 30, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Wilkinson, of Lakeside, Nebraska, who, on August 31, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 010220, for E½ Section 13 and the E½ of Section 24, Township 26 North, Range 44 West of the Sixth Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Alliance, Nebraska, on the 11th day of February, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: Ora O. Johnson, Harry Nye, Earl Walts, and Roy Stoop, all of Lakeside, Nebraska.
T. J. O'KEEFE, Register.
5-6t-674-6246

NOTICE OF PETITION

In District Court of Sixteenth Judicial District of Nebraska, Box Butte County.
Orange Bowser, Plaintiff,
vs
George Schulte, signing as Geo. Schulte, Defendant.

To George Schulte, Defendant:
You are hereby notified that the plaintiff herein obtained an order directing that service of summons be had upon you by publication, which order was duly made and entered on the 14th day of June, 1915.

You are hereby notified that the plaintiff in the above entitled cause has filed his petition in said Court against George Schulte.

The object and purpose of which action is to foreclose a certain mortgage made March 1st, 1912, by you to Orange Bowser to secure the payment of \$1,000.00, which mortgage is recorded in Book 25 of mortgages, on page 458 thereof, of the records of Box Butte County, Nebraska, said mortgage conveyed the real estate designated as the North Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section 32, of Township 27 North, of Range 49 West 6th P. M., Box Butte County, Nebraska; That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage and the same has become absolute. Plaintiff prays that said mortgage be foreclosed and said real estate sold according to law, and the proceeds be applied to liquidate said claim, and that you be barred from any right, title or interest therein and for costs of suit.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 28th day of February, 1916.
ORANGE BOWSER, Plaintiff.
First publication Jan. 13, 1916.
6-4t-677-6320

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the County Court of Box Butte County, Nebraska
In the Matter of the Estate of Michael Bayer, deceased.

Notice to all persons interested in said estate is hereby given that Mary Bayer, Administratrix of said estate, will meet the creditors of said estate at the county courtroom in the city of Alliance, said county, on the 13th day of September, 1916, at the hour of 10 a. m. for the purpose of the hearing, adjustment and allowance of claims against said estate. All persons having claims or demands against said estate must file the same in said court on or before the 18th day of September, 1916, or said claims will be forever barred.
Dated this 31st day of January, 1916.
L. A. BERRY,
County Judge.
Burton & Reddish, Attorneys.
9-6t-680-6391

LOCAL TALENT PROGRAM

Third Number of School of Music Entertainment Course to Be Given in Alliance Feb. 22

Local talent, exclusively, will figure in the third number of the Alliance School of Music Entertainment Course the date for which has been fixed for Tuesday evening, February 22.

A feature of the evening will be the music by the Alliance Women's Choral Club, an organization consisting of about forty Alliance women and young women who have been training for some time under Miss Eunice Burnett, who has charge of that department of the School of Music.

There will also be a drill by twelve young ladies of the physical culture class of the school.

Vaudeville specialties and a one-act comedy, "The Little Rebel," constitute the other parts of the program as planned. The plays are being prepared under the direction of Miss Mattie Clare Gifford of the School of Music faculty.
In the cast for "The Little Rebel" are Mrs. M. M. Reynolds, Miss Blanche Kibble, Miss Mabel Bye, Philip Thomas and Camille Nohe.
This will probably be as interesting as any previous number of the entertainment course. Interesting from the fact that the sixty or seventy people taking part are all local people and interesting in that the selection of talent and the preparation under the instructors of the school guarantee a high class entertainment.

Nearly new, late model, typewriter for sale cheap. On easy terms. Inquire at The Herald office.

Old papers for sale at The Herald office. Five cents a bunch; six bunches for a quarter.



FEEDING THE WINTER LAMBS

Results Given Herewith of Interesting Tests Made at the Ohio Experiment Station.

In tests at the Ohio station two lots of 12 Delaine ewes each, with their October or November lambs from a Southdown ram, as nearly alike as possible with regard to age, weight, conformation and breeding, were fed for 62 days, beginning December 1, as follows: Lot 1, corn and oil meal 4:1, alfalfa and slilage; lot 2, corn, oats, bran and oil meal 5:2:3:1, alfalfa and slilage. The nutritive ratio of the two rations was approximately the same. The hay and slilage were fed ad libitum and approximately the same amount of grain was fed, it be-



Southdown Ram.

ing all that they would consume. The lambs were fed alike, receiving corn and alfalfa. The ewes of lot 1 made an average daily gain per head of 0.095 pounds; those of lot 2, 0.129 pounds; the lambs of lot 1, 0.441 pounds, and lot 2, 0.411 pounds. The cost of feed per pound of gain made by the lambs was 7.1 and 7.5 cents respectively. No appreciable differences in degree of finish from the two rations were noted. Both lots produced prime hothouse lambs.

Two lots of 11 ewes each, with their lambs, were fed for 95 days, beginning December 24, the same ration as in the above experiment, except that during the last five weeks clover hay was substituted for the alfalfa. As these lambs were not intended for hothouse lambs they were not forced so rapidly as those in the first experiment. The average daily gain per head of the ewes of lot 1 was 0.013, of lot 2, 0.031 pounds; for the lambs of lot 1, 0.377 pounds of lot 2, 0.323 pounds. The cost of feed per pound of gain made by the lambs was for lot 1, 8.7 cents, and for lot 2, 10.1 cents.

WINTER CARE OF THE SHEEP

Fleece of Good Quality Cannot Be Secured From Half-Starved Animal—Give Succulent Food.

If the sheep are neglected and allowed to run down in flesh when the winter sets in the fleece will be injured in both weight and quality.

A fleece of good quality cannot be grown on a poor half-starved sheep. If the ewes are allowed to get poor during the winter the chances are that the lambs will be weak and will perish for lack of nourishment and from cold, while the lambs from a well-cared for ewe will be much able to stand the cold if they should happen to be dropped when the weather is cold.

The dams will have more milk for their young, too, if they are well cared for.

Sheep need some succulent food during the winter. They should have some rough feed such as corn stover or clover hay, and, above all, they should have a ration rich in both protein and mineral matter.

SUCCESS IN PRODUCING PORK

Pasture Grasses and Forage Crops Make Healthy, Vigorous Hogs—Some Grain is Necessary.

Many now realize the fact that the growing of pasture grasses and forage crops that make healthy, vigorous hogs of good quality is the basic factor in successful pork production. They are raising hogs at a big profit.

Of course those who are successful realize the fact that a certain amount of grain feed is needed to grow hogs with a greater profit, but they use this grain only as a supplement to the feeds harvested by the hogs in the pastures and fields.

Cost of Mutton.

A pound of mutton can be produced at less cost than any other kind of

True Economy

Consists in getting the greatest value for the money expended in the purchase of the necessities.

At this time of year fuel is one of the absolute necessities and in the purchase of fuel, TRUE ECONOMY is practiced when you buy GENUINE

KIRBY

PEA	\$4.00
NUT	\$6.50
LUMP	\$7.50

It is clean and kinkless, producing the maximum of heat and leaving the minimum of ash.

The three sizes, pea, nut and lump, meet the requirement of any stove, range or furnace.

Alliance Creamery Co.

PHONE 545